UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/596,410	06/12/2006	Zoser B. Salama	7014-210	6306
46002 JOYCE VON N	7590 11/07/200 JATZMER	EXAMINER		
PEQUIGNOT + MYERS LLC			HENLEY III, RAYMOND J	
Suite 1901	200 Madison Avenue Suite 1901		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
New York, NY 10016			1614	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/07/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/596,410	SALAMA, ZOSER B.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Raymond J. Henley III	1614				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
·— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	– action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-26</u> is/are pending in the application	4) Claim(s) 13-26 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-26</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)  1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5 sheets.	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	nte				

Applicants' Preliminary Amendment and Information Disclosure Statements have been received and entered into the application. Accordingly, the specification and claims

have been amended as indicated and, as reflected by the attached, completed copies of

form PTO/SB/08, (5 sheets), the cited references have been considered.

The references cited by the Examiner on the attached form PTO-892 and not relied upon are included to show the general state of the art.

Claim Rejection - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 13-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over any one of Rubinfeld, (U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0111362), Poiani et al.,

Application/Control Number: 10/596,410

Art Unit: 1614

(U.S. Patent No. 5,327,807) or Yu et al., (U.S. Patent No. 5,091,171), each cited by the Examiner.

Each patentee teaches the administration of, *inter alia*, cis-hydroxyproline (CHP), (a.k.a., cis-4-hydroxypraline, 3-hydroxyproline, cis-hydroxyproline or telomycin), (see Rubinfeld at paragraph [0026], line 13; Poiani et al. at the abstract, for example, lines 4-5) and Yu et al. at col. 4, lines 67-68). The patentees administer the compounds for the same underlying condition as Applicants, (compare previous claim 7 with Rubinfeld where they teach the treatment of various tumors, (e.g., paragraphs [0028] - [0029] and/or infections paragraph [0031]); Poiani et al. where they teach fibrotic conditions, (e.g., the abstract); or Yu et al. where they teach various inflammatory/infectious conditions, (e.g., the claims).

Depending on the pathological condition, each of the patentees teach various dosage forms corresponding to Applicants' and various dosage amounts/concentrations, (see Rubinfeld at paragraphs beginning at [0070]; Poiani et al. beginning at col. 11; and Yu et al. at cols. 13-14).

The differences between the above and the claimed subject matter lies in that the patentees fail to mention that the active agents inhibit collagen IV and/or glutathione S transferase as well as each of the presently claimed dosage forms and amounts.

However, the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains because the mere recognition of a compounds biological activity, not disclosed in a prior art document, fails to produce a new method or composition where

Application/Control Number: 10/596,410

Art Unit: 1614

the compound is used in the same manner and in a patient population not patentably distinct from the population claimed.

Further, "Generally, differences in concentration or temperature will not support the patentability of subject matter encompassed by the prior art unless there is evidence indicating such concentration or temperature is critical. "[W]here the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation." In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955)" (see MPEP 2144.05(II)). The determination of the optimum dosage regimen to employ, for the purposes disclosed in the prior art which would overlap with Applicants', with the presently claimed active agents would have been a matter well within the purview of one of ordinary skill in the art and such determination would have been made in accordance with a variety of factors. These would have included the age, weight, sex, diet and medical condition of the patient, severity of the disease, the route of administration, pharmacological considerations such as the activity, efficacy, pharmacokinetics and toxicology profiles of the particular compound employed, whether a drug delivery system is utilized and whether the compound is administered a part of a drug combination. Thus, the dosage regimen that would have actually been employed would have varied widely and, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the currently claimed specific dosage amounts are not seen to be inconsistent the dosages that would have been determined by the skilled artisan.

None of the claims are currently in condition for allowance.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raymond J. Henley III whose telephone number is 571-

Art Unit: 1614

272-0575. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30 am to 4:00 pm Eastern

Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Ardin H. Marschel can be reached on 571-272-0718. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status

information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For

more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO

Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call

800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Raymond J Henley III/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 1614

November 6, 2008